

## **Technical Information**

Terms and definitions for fabric expansion joints

**RAL-GZ 719** 

TI-014

Rev. 4 - 10/14

page 1 of 2

Active length The part of the flexible element which allows movement.

Ambient temperature The external environment temperature adjacent to the

external face of the expansion joint.

Angular deviation see angular movement

Angular movement The movement which occurs when one flange of the

expansion joint is moved to an out-of-parallel position with the other flange, such movement being measured in

degrees.

Axial compression The reduction of the flange distance of an expansion joint

in reference to the flange distance at installation.

Axial extension The increase of the flange distance of an expansion joint

in reference to the flange distance at installation.

Belt type expansion joint

An expansion joint in which the flexible element of the joint is made like a flat belt and is holted or clamped to

joint is made like a flat belt and is bolted or clamped to

metal adapter flanges or frame.

Bolt hole pattern Allocation of holes at the expansion joint connection

**Design pressure**The maximum or most severe pressure (positive or

negative) anticipated during normal operation, excluding periods of abnormal operation caused by equipment

failure.

Design temperature Most severe temperature anticipated during normal

operation. Not equal to the excursion temperature or

media temperature.

**Dew point**The temperature at which fluids condense to form a

liquid. Particularly important for acids; acid dew point varies with gas composition and is a higher temperature

than the moisture dew point.

**Excursion temperature** Temperature during the excursion exceeding the design

temperature for a limited time.

**Expansion Joint** Flexible sealing element to absorb multidimensional

movements

Flange Connects the expansion joint to the duct system.

## Edited by the Quality Committee of the Quality Association for Fabric Expansion Joints



## **Technical Information**

Terms and definitions for fabric expansion joints

**RAL-GZ 719** 

TI-014

Rev. 4 – 10/14

page 2 of 2

Flange connection Way of expansion joint connection to the duct system.

Flange Distance Distance between the duct flanges, on which the expansion joint is fixed (see TI-004, 6. Dimension "W").

Flange type expansion joint An expansion joint in which the flexible element is

preformed with angled flanges

Flexible length That part of the expansion joint which is not clamped

Flow direction The direction of the flow through the system

Flue-gas tightness Grade of tightness according to the Technical Information

TI-002. Leakage test according to TI-005

Inside Insulation Insulation installed inside the duct

Internal flow sleeve Device to protect the expansion joint from abrasion and to

optimize the flow

Lateral movement The relative displacement of the two ends of the

expansion joint perpendicular to its longitudinal axis

Media temperature Temperature of the media in the system

Movement Axial, lateral, angular and torsional displacements which

the expansion joint is required to compensate in reference to the installed situation (see TI-004, 5.)

Nekal tightness Grade of tightness according to the Technical Information

TI-003. Leakage test according to TI-005

Operating pressure The pressure to which the expansion joint is exposed

during normal operating conditions

**Refractory** Acid or heat resistant ceramic insulation inside the duct

system

**Pre-insulation** Insulation or insulation pillow in front of the expansion

joint

**Torsion** The twisting of one end of an expansion joint with respect

to the other end about its longitudinal axis

